

Direction: In each of the following questions, out of the given alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

1. PLACID

A. Clear B. Calm C. Enjoyable D. Dull

Answer: B.

2. GRUESOME

A. hateful B. painful C. tragic D. frightful

Answer: D.

3. IMPETUOUS

A. violent B. resourceful C. pleasing D. rush

Answer: D.

4. OBJECT

A. disobey B. challenge C. deny D. disapprove

Answer: D.

5. INFREQUENT

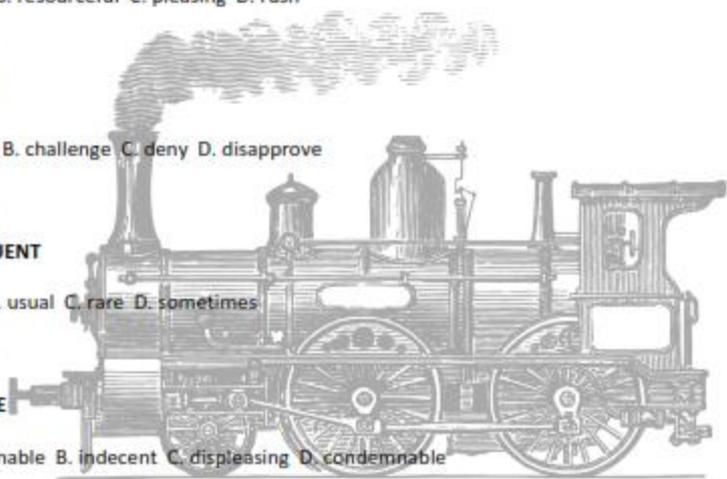
A. never B. usual C. rare D. sometimes

Answer: D.

6. OBSCENE

A. objectionable B. indecent C. displeasing D. condemnable

Answer: B.



Direction: In each of the following questions, choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word.

1. SHALLOW

A. High B. Hidden C. Deep D. Hollow

Answer: C.

2. Former

A. Subsequent B. Later C. Resultant D. Latter

Answer: D

3. DEARTH

A. Extravagance B. Scarcity C. Abundance D. Sufficiency

Answer: C.

4. COMIC

A. Painful B. fairful C. tragic D. emotional

Answer: C.

5. CONCEAL

A. Unfold B. reveal C. open D. discover

Answer: B.

6. SELDOM

A. Rarely B. Daily C. Often D. never

Answer: C.

Direction: In each question below a word is given in capitals. Against this word there are some alternatives. One of which is either same in meaning or opposite in meaning of the word. Find out which of the given alternatives is either same in meaning or opposite in meaning of the word.

1. TACIT

A. Trivial B. Spoken C. lengthy D. neutral

Answer: B : Same

2. PARITY

A. Vicinity B. Similarity C. Equivocal D. originality

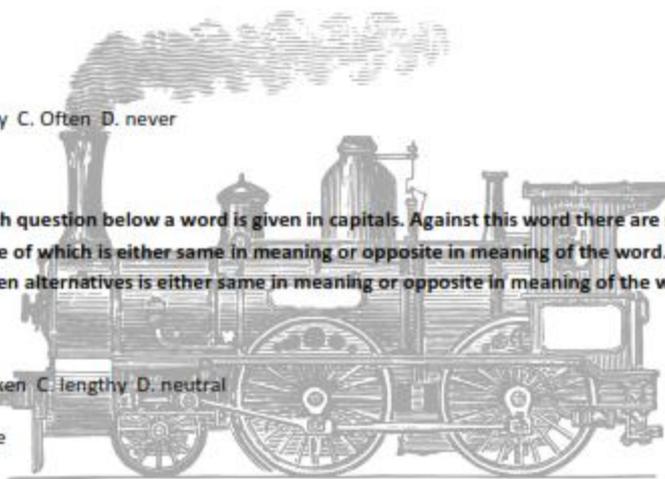
Answer: B : Same.

3. RECUPERATE

A. Resolve B. Avenge C. cooperate D. recover

Answer: D : Same.

3. LIBERAL



A. unreliable B. strong C. intolerant D. responsible

Answer: C : Opposite.

4. BRAZEN

A. modest B. shameless C. quick D. pleasant

Answer: B : Same.

5. ABJURE

A. project B. perjure C. discuss D. renounce

Answer: D : Same.

Direction: In each of the following questions, choose from the given words below the two sentences, that word which has the same meaning and can be used in the same context as the part given in color in both the sentences.

1. (I) The organization was established at the **beginning** of the century

(II) The little boy could not **twist** the cap of the bottle

A. break B. turn C. crack D. dawn

Answer: B.

2. (I) His **understanding** of the subject was really good.

(II) Arup had to **hold on** to the handle of the door with all his strength

A. make B. power C. pull D. grasp

Answer: D.

3. (i) Debasish was **going** to the library when he met me.

(ii) The newspaper carried the news about the murder with a large **caption**.

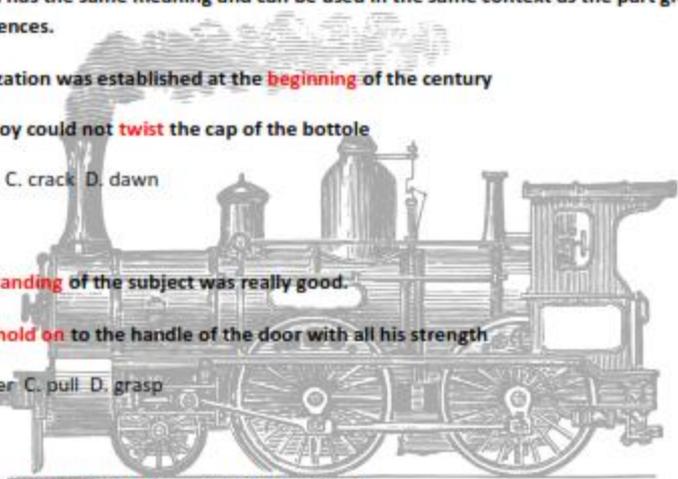
A. starting B. venturing C. heading D. prefixing

Answer: D : Same.

4. (I) The message was written on **piece** of paper

(II) Maru got into a **fight** with his classmate

A. grab B. box C. scrap D. brush



Answer: C.

5. (I) The **aviator** was responsible for fatal crash

(II) The ship was bound to sink but the caption continually attempted to **steer** the vessel out of danger.

A. driver B. guide C. navigate D. voyage

Answer: C.

Direction: In each of the following questions, out of four alternatives, chose the one which can be substituted for the given sentence/ words

1. The examine ones own thoughts and feelings

A. meditation B. retrospection C. reflection D. introspection.

Answer: D.

2. A person who does not believe in any religion

A. philatelist B. rationalist C. atheist D. pagan.

Answer: D.

3. An assembly of hearers

A. audience B. crowd C. congregation D. assemblage.

Answer: A.

4. One who loves mankind

A. anthropologist B. philanthropist C. seismologist D. optometrist

Answer: B.

5. One who does not care for literature or art

A. barbarian B. philistine C. illiterate D. primitive.

Answer: B.

